

# Dimensional analysis worksheet

**Question 1** Show that expression  $v = v_0 + at$  is dimensionally correct, where  $v$  and  $v_0$  represent velocities and  $a$  is acceleration and  $t$  represents time.

**Question 2** Each of the following equations was given by a student during an examination.

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv_0^2 + \sqrt{mgh}$$

$$v = v_0 + at^2$$

$$ma = v^2$$

Do the dimensional analysis of each equation and explain why the equations cannot be correct.

**Question 3** Suppose that the displacement of an object is related to time according to the expression  $x = Bt^2$ . What are the dimensions of  $B$ ?

**Question 4** Find the SI unit of pressure.

**Question 5** (a) Is it possible for two quantities to have the same dimensions but different units.

(b) Is it possible for two quantities to have same units but different dimensions?

**Question 6** Suppose we are told that the acceleration ' $a$ ' of a particle moving with uniform speed ' $v$ ' in a circle of radius ' $r$ ' is proportional to some power of  $r$ , say  $r^n$ , and some power of  $v^m$ . How can we determine the value of  $n$  and  $m$ .

**Question 7** The mass of a solid cube is 856 g, and each edge has a length of 5.35 cm. Determine the density  $\rho$  of the cube in basic SI units.

**Question 8** The period ' $T$ ' of a simple pendulum is measured in time units and is described by

$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

Where  $l$  is the length of the pendulum and 'g' is the free fall acceleration in units of length divided by square of time. Show that this equation is dimensionally correct.

**Question 9** Estimate the average mass density of a sodium atom assuming its size to be about  $2.5 \text{ \AA}$ . (Use the known values of Avogadro's number and the atomic mass of sodium). Compare it with the density of sodium in its crystalline phase:  $970 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ . Are the two densities of the same order of magnitude? If so, why?

**Question 10** In the following  $x$  is in meters,  $t$  in seconds,  $v$  in m/s and  $a$  is in  $\text{m/s}^2$ . Find the SI unit of each combination.

a)  $\frac{v^2}{xa}$

b)  $\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$

c)  $\frac{1}{2}at^2$