

# CBSE Sample Paper 9

## **General Instruction:**

1. Answer all questions
2. Internal choices are provided for some questions
3. Question numbers 1 to 8 are very short answer questions and carry 1 mark each.
4. Question numbers 8 to 18 are short answer questions and carry 2 marks each.
5. Question numbers 19 to 27 are also short answer questions and carry 3 marks each.
6. Question numbers 28 to 30 are long answer questions and carry 5 marks each.
7. Use log tables if necessary.
8. There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in one question of two marks, one question of three marks and all three questions of five marks each. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
9. You may use the following values of physical constants wherever necessary:

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ TmA}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Mass of electron } m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Mass of neutron } m_n = 1.675 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Boltzmann's constant } k = 1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Avogadro's number } N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Radius of earth} = 6400 \text{ km}$$

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## **Very Short Answer type questions**

### **Question 1**

What is the SI unit for Magnetic Dipole moment?

**Question 2**

Three capacitors have capacitances of  $0.5 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $0.3 \mu\text{F}$  and  $0.2 \mu\text{F}$  respectively. They are first connected to have maximum capacitance and then connected to have minimum capacitance. Find the ratio of maximum capacitance to minimum capacitance

**Question 3**

An 8 ohm resistance wire is bent into middle by  $180^\circ$  and both the halves are twisted into each other. Find its new resistance

**Question 4**

What is the dimension of quantity  $CR$  where  $C$  is capacitance and  $R$  is Resistance?

**Question 5**

A hollow metal sphere has large charge on its surface. What is the electric field inside the sphere?

**Question 6**

What do you mean by depletion layer and Potential barrier?

**Question 7**

Explain the meaning of excited atom?

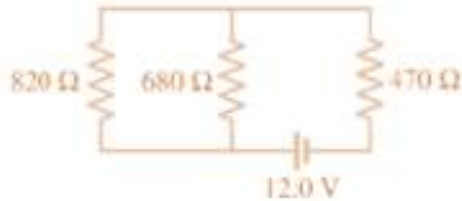
**Question 8**

Define emissivity  $e$  of the surface?

**Short Answer type questions**

**Question 9**

Three identical charges of  $+q$  are placed at three corners of a square with sides of length  $L$ . The magnitude of the electric field at the center of the square is?

**Question 10**

Find the equivalent resistance, Current & voltage in each resistor

**Question 11**

True or False statement

- Radioactive substance does not emits protons
- Deflection of alpha particles and beta particles are opposite in electric field
- Gamma rays are not deflected by electric and magnetic fields
- Gamma rays have highest penetrating power among the particle emitted by the radioactive substance
- Radioactive substance can simultaneously emit both alpha and beta particles

**Question 12**

What is Lenz's Law? With the help of Lenz's Law, Find the direction of current in circular in below situation



**Question 13**

Find out the wavelength of the second line of Lyman series of Hydrogen spectrum?

**Question 14**

Explain phasors diagram. Draw the phasors diagram for the circuit containing Inductance and Resistance

**Question 15**

Give reason for any three of these

- Electric field inside a charged conductor is zero?
- Electrical conductivity of earth atmosphere increases with altitude?
- Electrons in metal drift due to force exerted on them by the electric field but they do not acquire net average acceleration?
- When the bulb is operated at low frequency electricity, the light flicker noticeably,

**Question 16**

A parallel plate capacitor is charged to a certain potential difference. When a 3 mm thick slab is slipped between the capacitor plates then to maintain the same Potential difference between the plates, the plate separation has to be increased by 2.4 mm. Find the dielectric constant of the slab

**Question 17**

The work function of a metal is 1.5 eV. Find the maximum kinetic energy of the photo electrons when the metal is illuminated with light of wavelength 6600 Å?

**Question 18**

A coil in the shape of an equilateral triangle of side .02 m is suspended from a vertex such that it is hanging in a vertical plane. A horizontal magnetic field  $5 \times 10^{-2}$  T exists in the region. Find the torque acting on the coil when a current of .2 A is passed through it

**Question 19**

Two charged particle,  $q_1 = +5.00$  C and  $q_2 = -3.00$  C, are separated by .35 m.

- (a) What is the potential energy of the pair? Explain the significance of the algebraic sign in your answer.  
 (b) What is the electric potential at a point midway between the charged particles?

**Question 20**

A plastic hemisphere has a radius of curvature of 8 cm and an index of refraction of 1.6. On the axis halfway between the plane surface and spherical one (4 cm from each) is a small object. How far from surface does the object appear to be when viewed along the axis of the spherical surface?

**Question 21**

A nuclear fission process of .001 kg of Uranium produces a mass lost of .92 milligram. The Process is used in a Power house of 400 MW power. How much Uranium will be required for the functioning of the plant if the efficiency of the plant is 20%?

**Question 22**

A capacitor of capacitance  $1\mu\text{F}$  withstands the maximum voltage of 6KV while another capacitor of capacitance of  $2\mu\text{F}$  withstands the maximum voltage of 4KV. Now these capacitor are connected in series. What maximum voltage the system can withstand?

**Question 23**

Explain the working LASER with neat diagram?

**Question 24**

Write down all the fundamental particles and Describe few words about them

**Question 25**

The voltage equation of an alternating current source is given by

$$E = 120\sin(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{6})$$

The current equation in the circuit is given by

$$I = 5\sin(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{6})$$

Calculate following

1)  $V_{\text{rms}}$  and  $I_{\text{rms}}$

2) Impedance

3) Power loss in the circuit

**Question 26**

A copper rod of length  $L$  is moving with uniform velocity  $v_0$  parallel to a long straight wire carrying a current  $I$ . The rod itself is perpendicular to the wire with its ends at distance  $a$  and  $b$  from it. Calculate the EMF induced in the rod

**Question 27**

- i) Derive the expression for the radius of the  $n$ th orbit of hydrogen atom using Bohr postulates
- ii) what is the radius and angular momentum of the electron in the  $n$ th Bohr orbit if the radius of first orbit is  $r_0$

**Question 28**

Find the current and voltage drop across each resistor

OR

- i) The focal lengths of the objective and the eyepiece of an astronomical telescope are 200 cm and 5 cm respectively. What is the magnifying power if the final image is formed at infinity?
- ii) You are given three convex lens of focal length 20 cm, 2 cm and 3 cm which two lens should be used for the construction of a telescope in order to obtain maximum magnification?

**Question 29**

What is a transistor? Compare p-n-p and n-p-n Transistors

**Question 30**

What do you mean by half life time of the radioactive element?. Explain half –life time and decay constant by drawing a curve between undisintegrated atoms of the elements and time

OR

Explain the principle ,working and construction with neat diagram of a AC dynamo.